THEME 5 BACK TO THE PAST GRAMMAR

1. WISH CLAUSES

We use wish (if only) + the simple past tense

• to talk about something that we want to be different in the present or the future. We use the past tense but the meaning is present or future.

There are a lot of things to do at work. I wish we didn't have to work today. (but there are a lot of things to do and we have to work today)

I wish I lived in a house by the sea. (I don't live in a house by the sea)

I wish you would stay with us longer. (but you won't stay with us longer)

NOTE: In formal English we use WERE instead of WAS with all subjects.

I wish I were a good basketball player.

We use wish (If only) + the past perfect tense

• to say that we regret something in the past.

I wish I had had enough courage to write you before. (but I didn't have enough courage to write you before.) I wish I hadn't eaten so much last night.

We use wish (If only) + would

• when we want someone or something to change.

I wish that terrible noise would stop.

• when we want something to occur in the future.

Tina wishes her uncle would visit her soon.

• when we want to complain about something or other people's annoying habits.

I wish my son would stop biting his nails.

NOTE: To talk about our annoying habits, we use could (not would)

I wish I could be tidy.

A. Complete the sentences	
1. I went to a party last night but I didn't like it.	
I wish	(I / not / go)
2. It's boiling hot today and I don't like hot weather.	
I wish	so hot. (it / not/ be)
3. I didn't study hard enough and failed in the exam.	
I wish	harder. (I / study)
4. I have worked hard all day and now I am very tired to go out with my friends.	
I wish	so tired. (I / not / be)
5. I am fed up with my little sister's crying all the time.	
I wish	so often. (she / not / cry)
6. Whatever I did, I couldn't learn how to use this camera.	
I wish the instruction	ns more carefully. (I / read)
7. Not being able to speak English fluently is usually a big problem especially when	en I am applying for a job.
I wishE	nglish fluently. (I / speak)

8. I teased one of my best friends yesterday	y and now she doesn't talk to me.
I wish	her. (I / not / tease)
2. IF CLAUSE TYPE 3	
We use third conditional for imaginary,	situation in the past, regret and criticism.
If + past perfect, would/could/might have	re + past participle
If they had seen Tom, they would have tole	d me. (But they didn't)
If you had studied harder, you wouldn't ha	ve failed the exam. (critism)
• We can change the order of the clauses b	y busing comma:
He wouldn't have lost his family if he had	n't been addicted to alcohol.
Mixed type conditionals	
Sometimes it is possible for the two parts of	of a conditional sentence to refer to different times. There are two types
of mixed conditional sentence.	
B. Put the verbs in brackets into the cor	rect tense.
1. If he had saved enough money, he	(buy) a bigger house.
2. If Pablo	_(install) some antivirus software, his computer wouldn't have got a virüs.
3. I	(call) Jack if I had known his number.
4. If I had had a smartphone, I	(check) my emails.
5. If Sarah	(copy) all her photos onto a CD, she wouldn't have lost them when her
computer crashed.	

ANSWER KEY

A. Complete the sentences

- 1. I wish I hadn't gone to the party.
- 2. I wish it weren't so hot
- 3. I wish I had studied harder
- 4. I wish I weren't so tired
- 5. I wish she wouldn't cry so often
- 6. I wish I had read the instructions carefully.
- 7. I wish I spoke English fluently
- 8. I wish I hadn't teased her
- **B.** Put the verbs in brackets into the correct tense.
- 1. WOULD HAVE BOUGHT
- 2. HAD INSTALLED
- 3. WOULD HAVE CALLED
- 4. WOULD HAVE CHECKED
- 5. HAD COPIED